

Sanghamitra School

Half yearly Practice Sheet - 2

Class : VI

Subject: English

Les: 2 - Travelling with Grandfather's Zoo

Note :-

Please answer these questions in your rough note book. Do not upload in Octa.

Answer the given questions in 20 to 30 words.

Q1. Who were the narrator's travelling companions? What was strange about them ?

Q2. Why was there a commotion in the train ?

Answer the given questions in 40 to 50 words

Q1. Why was Grandmother upset with Grandfather?

Q2. Write down the character sketch of Grandfather in your own words.

Notice writing

While walking in the park you found a small plastic bag containing some documents and some cash. Write a notice in about 50 words to be put up on the park notice board asking the owner to identify and collect it from you. Follow the format given in the class work.

प्र 1. निम्नलिखित अपठित गद्यांश को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर सही विकल्प चुनकर दीजिए।

सार में शांति, व्यवस्था और सद्भावना के प्रसार के लिए बुद्ध, ईसा मसीह, मुहम्मद चैतन्य, नानक आदि महापुरुषों ने धर्म के माध्यम से मनुष्य को परम कल्याण के पथ का निर्देश किया, किंतु बाद में यही धर्म मनुष्य के हाथ में एक अस्त्र बन गया। धर्म के नाम पर पृथ्वी पर जितना रक्तपात हुआ उतना और किसी कारण से नहीं। पर धीरे-धीरे मनुष्य अपनी शुभ बुधि से धर्म के कारण होने वाले अनर्थ को समझने लग गया है। भौगोलिक सीमा और धार्मिक विश्वासजनित भेदभाव अब धरती से मिटते जा रहे हैं। विज्ञान की प्रगति तथा संचार के साधनों में वृद्धि के कारण देशों की दूरियाँ कम हो गई हैं। इसके कारण मानव-मानव में घृणा, ईर्ष्या वैमनस्य कटुता में कमी नहीं आई। मानवीय मूल्यों के महत्त्व के प्रति जागरूकता उत्पन्न करने का एकमात्र साधन है शिक्षा का व्यापक प्रसार।

(क) मनुष्य अधर्म के कारण होने वाले अनर्थ को कैसे समझने लगा है

- (i) संतों के अनुभव से
- (ii) वर्ण भेद से
- (iii) घृणा, ईर्ष्या, वैमनस्य, कटुता से
- (iv) अपनी शुभ बुधि से

(ख) विज्ञान की प्रगति और संचार के साधनों की वृद्धि का परिणाम क्या हुआ है।

- (i) देशों में भिन्नता बढ़ी है।
- (ii) देशों में वैमनस्यता बढ़ी है।
- (iii) देशों की दूरियाँ कम हुई हैं।
- (iv) देशों में विदेशी व्यापार बढ़ा है।

(ग) देश में आज भी कौन-सी समस्या है

- (i) नफ़रत की
- (ii) वर्ण-भेद की
- (iii) सांप्रदायिकता की
- (iv) अमीरी-गरीबी की

(घ) किस कारण से देश में मानव के बीच, घृणा, ईर्ष्या, वैमनस्यता एवं कटुता में कमी नहीं आई है?

- (i) नफ़रत से
- (ii) सांप्रदायिकता से
- (iii) अमीरी गरीबी के कारण
- (iv) वर्ण-भेद के कारण

(ङ) मानवीय मूल्यों के महत्त्व के प्रति जागरूकता उत्पन्न करने का एकमात्र साधन है

- (i) शिक्षा का व्यापक प्रसार
- (ii) धर्म का व्यापक प्रसार
- (iii) प्रेम और सद्भावना का व्यापक प्रसार
- (iv) उपर्युक्त सभी

Sanghamitra school

Class 6

Sub:Mathematics

Practice sheet -2

**** Solve the sums in Rough note book. Don't upload in Octa.**

Chapter-2 Whole numbers

1. ____ is the smallest natural number and ____ is the smallest whole number.
2. The successor of the largest 5 digit number is _____.
3. Write the next three numbers after 1010101.
4. The additive identity is ____ and the multiplicative identity is _____.
5. Solve using suitable rearrangement
 - a) $647 + 283 + 742 + 858$
 - b) $3648 \times 4 \times 25$
 - c) $8 \times 3458 \times 125$
 - d) $2 \times 3456 \times 500$
6. Solve using distributive property
 - a) 456×99
 - b) 356×999
 - c) 2346×101
 - d) 897×1001
7. Solve using suitable property
 - a) $817 \times 98 + 817 \times 2$
 - b) $2436 \times 1002 - 2436 \times 2$
 - c) $8975 \times 101 - 8975 \times 1$
 - d) $4223 \times 99 + 4223 \times 1$
8. In a school there are 8 classes. If each class has 30 boys and 25 girls, find the number of students in the school.
9. Draw a number line and represent the following
 - a. $4 + 5$
 - b. $9 - 2$
 - c. 2×5
 - d. $12 \div 4$
10. Fill up the following:
 - a. Division by ____ is not defined.
 - b. A number remains unchanged when added to _____.
 - c. A number remains unchanged when multiplied to _____.
 - d. $13 \times 100 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 1300000$
11. A taxi driver filled his car petrol tank with 45 litres of petrol on Monday. The next day, he filled the tank with 55 litres of petrol. If the petrol costs Rs.85 per litre, how much did he spend in all on petrol?
12. Find the product by suitable rearrangement:
 - e. $8 \times 391 \times 125$
 - f. $2 \times 1234 \times 50$
13. If you're on a diet and have a breakfast consisting of 150 calories, a lunch consisting of 350 calories, and a dinner consisting of 1000 calories, then find the sum of the calories consumed for two days.

Sanghamitra School

Class VI

Practice Paper-2

Sub: Science

Le-5- Fibre to fabric

Instruction: Read the above lesson thoroughly and solve the following in rough note book and do not upload in octa platform

Part-A (for oral learning)

1. What Processes does cotton undergo to become a fabric?
2. How are these manufactured a. Silk, b. wool and c. Jute
3. What are the differences between synthetic and natural fibres?
4. Why do you prefer to wear woollen clothes in winter and cotton clothes in summer?
5. What are the advantages of jute fibre?

Part-B-Fill in the blanks by choosing the correct option:

1. Natural /synthetic fibres can be tested by _____
a. Soaking b. Burning c. Drying d. Tearing.
2. Which of the following items are made of materials that come from plants?
a. Woollen scarf b. Silk blouse c. Leather belt d. Cotton shirt
3. In India, jute is usually cultivated in the rainy season, in the delta of the Ganga river.
What type of climate is good for growing jute?
a. It should be cold and wet b. It should be hot and wet
4. Why do we need clothes?
P. To protect our body from dust Q. To protect our body from heat and cold
R. To protect us from insect bites
a. Only P B. Only Q c. Only P and Q d. All P, Q and R
5. I am a type of fabric made by humans. I do not get wrinkled easily. I dry quickly if wet. What am I? a. Cotton b. wool c. Jute d. Nylon

Part-C-Fill in the blanks:

1. The order of the processes involved in the production of cloth? Is _____.
2. Sweaters and shawls are made from _____ fibres.
3. Nylon fibre is used in making of parachutes because they are _____ and _____.
4. An example for a synthetic fibre is _____.
5. An example for natural fibre is _____.
6. The young one of a silk worm is called _____.
7. Clothes chosen by an individual depends on _____, _____ and _____.
8. The fibres which absorb less water and dry quickly are _____.
9. Natural fibres take more time to dry because _____.
10. The process of removing seeds from cotton fibre is called _____ and deseeded fibre is _____.

Sanghamitra school

Half yearly Practice worksheet-2

Class-6

Subject -Social Science

Le-13. A, Globe, Latitudes and Longitudes (Geography)

Read lesson carefully and answer the questions given in rough note book.

Objective: To revise for Half yearly exams

NOTE: Answer the questions in rough notebook and do not upload in Octa /Radius app.

- 1. Draw a diagram to represent Parallels of Latitude, degree and direction.**
- 2. Distinguish between Latitudes and Longitudes.**
- 3. Describe heat zones (Thermal zones) of the Earth.**
- 4. Define a) Axis, b) Globe, c) Local time**
- 5. Calculate time at IST, if it is 4am at GMT.**