

NOTE; KINDLY READ THE QUESTIONS TWICE AND ANSWER THEM NEATLY IN ROUGH BOOK.

PLEASE DONOT UPLOAD IN OCTA.

Name: _____

Date: / /

TYPES OF nouns

Nouns are naming words. They are people, places, things or ideas.

Common nouns are used to name general things.

Examples: girl, pencil, apple.

Proper nouns are used to name special or specific things. We always use a capital letter for proper nouns.

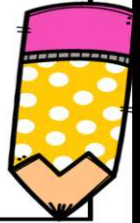
Examples: James, March, America.

Collective nouns are used to name a group of things.

Examples: choir, flock, crew.

Abstract nouns are used to name an idea, thought or feeling.

Examples: beauty, fear, happiness.



Sort the following nouns into categories by placing them in the table below.

table teacher love Florida sadness Monday
herd tribe thought dog hope litter

Common	
Proper	
Collective	
Abstract	

Give your own examples of each of the types of nouns in the table below.

Common	Proper	Collective	Abstract
1.	1.	1.	1.
2.	2.	2.	2.
3.	3.	3.	3.
4.	4.	4.	4.
5.	5.	5.	5.

पाठ-1. मुझको तुम अच्छी लगती हो

Objective- To revise for Half yearly Exam.

Note- 1. Read the textbook and Classwork thoroughly to answer the given worksheet.

2. The child has to solve practice sheet in rough book not in H.W book.

3. Don't upload in the OCTA app.

I. दिए गए शब्दों के अर्थ **हिन्दी और अंग्रेज़ी** में लिखिए।

1. गुमसुम= 2. बगिया= 3. मेहनत= 4. गंध= 5. सकुचाना= 6. हवा=

II. दिए गए वाक्यों में से **अनुनासिक** शब्द छँट कर लिखिए ।

1. नाचे झूमें गाएँ वे। 2. रह-रह चक्कर खाएँ वे।

3. घूम रहे हो यहाँ- वहाँ । 4. कभी तेज़ तुम नहीं कहाँ ?

III. दिए गए शब्दों के **पर्यायवाची** शब्द लिखिए।

1. आसमान ---,--- 2. पर्वत---,--- 3. फूल ---,--- 4. हवा ---,--- 5. नाव---,---

IV. शब्दों को **जोड़कर** लिखिए।

1. नीला a) फूल -----

2. गुमसुम b) नाव -----

3. सुहानी c) हवा-----

4. पक्षी -सी d) सुबह -----

5. मंद -सी e) आसमान-----

Sanghamitra school

Class : V Half-yearly Practice worksheet -1

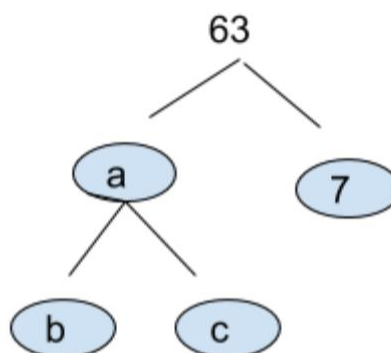
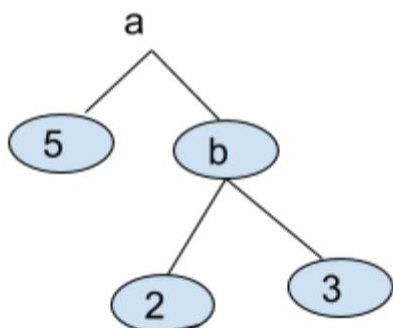
Sub : Mathematics

Ch -4: Factors And Multiples

Solve the following

1. Write the prime numbers between 1 to 100
2. Write the composite numbers between 20 to 40
3. Write the composite numbers between 1 to 20
4. Find the prime factorization of the following by factor tree method
 - a. 72
 - b. 66
 - c. 144

Find the missing numbers



Note: Practice the sums in your rough notebook and don't upload in octa app

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Half Yearly Practice Worksheet-1

Topic-Le-1-Growing Plants

Class-V Subject-Science

Obj: To revise for half-yearly exam.

Name-_____Sec-___

- I. Unscramble the following letters to make meaningful words:
1. LIPRSEDA-_____
 2. EDIGSELN-_____
 3. OTATOP-_____
 4. SEPSOR-_____
 5. LLPRBYOHYMU-_____

II. After learning the concept of AGRICULTURE try to sequence them in the correct order:

Various Process Involved In Farming	Correct Order
Harvesting	1.
Protecting from weeds and insects	2.
Preparation of soil	3.
Storing	4.
Sowing	5.
Adding fertilisers and manure	6.
Watering periodically	7.

III. Classify the following crops according to the seasons they are grown in, and write them under the appropriate column in the table given below:

(paddy, barley, soybean, wheat, sunflower, millet, oats, cotton, maize, mustard, gram, and peas)

Rabi Crops (Winter)	Kharif Crops (Summer)
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	

IV. Give one word for the following:

1. Plants grown in the fields-
C _____
2. A plant that has light and hairy seeds-D _____
3. Growth of a baby plant from a seed-G _____
4. Crops which are grown from June to October-K _____
5. Pea is dispersed by-
E _____

V. Choose the correct option:

1. Which part of the seed contains food for the baby plant? ()
a. seed coat b. cotyledon c. radicle d. plumule
2. Which one of the following seeds is dispersed by wind?
a. coconut seed b. xanthium seed c. pea seed d. madar seed ()
3. This is rabi crop. ()
a. rice b. maize c. wheat d. bajra
4. These are used to remove insects from the crops. ()
a. Weedicides b. fungicides c. pesticides d. insecticides
5. Which part can be produced by stem cutting? ()
a. potato b. beetroot c. hibiscus d. bryophyllum

VI. Fill in the blanks:

1. Seeds which have two seed leaves are called _____.
2. New plants grow from _____.
3. Practice of growing crops is called _____.
4. A _____ plant can be grown by layering.
5. _____ contains small buds called eyes from which new plants can grow.

VII. Match the following

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1. Cotyledon | a. ginger () |
| 2. Spores | b. water dispersal () |
| 3. Coconut | c. wind dispersal () |
| 4. Underground stem | d. seed leaves () |
| 5. Dandelion | e. found on ferns () |

-The End-

SANGHAMITRA SCHOOL

HALF YEARLY EXAM PRACTICE WORKSHEET - 1

Class –V

Subject -SOCIAL SCIENCE

LE-7 LATITUDES AND LONGITUDES

Note : Read the lesson thoroughly [T.B pgs-269,270 and 271] and answer the questions in homework neatly.

THIS PRACTICE WORKSHEET NEED NOT BE UPLOADED IN OCTA

I.Fill in the blanks

- 1.The full circles that run from east to west on the surface of the globe are called -----
- 2.The longest line of latitude is known as the -----
- 3.Meridians run from north to south and touch each other at the -----.
- 4.All ----- meridians are of equal -----.
- 5.Full form of GMT -----.

II Match the following

- | A | B |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1.North Pole | a] $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ North |
| 2.Tropic of Cancer | b] $66\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ South |
| 3.Tropic of Capricorn | c] 90° North |
| 4.Arctic Circle | d] $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ North |
| 5.Antarctic Circle | e] $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$ South |